

# Adult Rehab with IM: Interdisciplinary Best Practices

# **Post-Test Answer Key**

- 1. According to the Winstein, 2005 III Step Proceeding, the Active Ingredients for Effective Neurorehabilitation are?
  - a. Task practice is the single most important variable for motor learning.
  - b. "What" is practiced is more important than mere repetition.
  - c. Motivation and meaning are critical to skill learning.
  - d. Problem solving and implicit processes are required for skill acquisition.
  - e. All of the above

## 2. When starting the patient on the IM program, the therapist should;

- a. Have the patient listen to the bell for ten minutes
- b. Have the client use the affected side
- c. Use shoulder shrugs
- d. Introduce the IM to the unaffected side only.
- 3. IM may be introduced into treatment programs at the following levels, as medically indicated:
  - a. acute care
  - b. sub-acute care
  - c. home health/outpatient care
  - d. all of the above

### 4. True or False:

**\_\_\_\_FALSE\_\_\_**The IM In-Motion Triggers are only for ambulation practice.

## 5. True or False:

6. True or False:

\_\_\_\_\_IM can be modified to meet the needs of the low-level patient.

#### 7. There are four domains that can be modified to challenge the patient:

- a. Postural Challenge
- b. Cognitive/Linguistic Challenge
- c. Extremity Challenge
- d. Computer Setting Challenges
- e. All of the above

#### 8. What are some of the barriers that can negatively impact a patient's performance?

- a. Medical
- b. Physical
- c. Emotional
- d. Educational
- e. All of the above

# 9. True or False:

**TRUE**\_\_\_\_It is important to make sure that adaptive equipment is accessible and in working order before treating with IM

#### 10. If a patient has a Right UE Hemiparesis, when completing the Short or Long Form, you should

- a. Modify access to the triggers
- b. Cue the patient
- c. Skip those exercises that they are unable to perform without cueing or clinical assistance
- d. A and C